PJM OATT

SCHEDULE 3 Regulation and Frequency Response Service

Regulation and Frequency Response Service is necessary to provide for the continuous balancing of resources (generation and interchange) with load and for maintaining scheduled Interconnection frequency at sixty cycles per second (60 Hz). Regulation and Frequency Response Service is accomplished by committing on-line resources generation whose output is raised or lowered (predominantly through the use of automatic generating control equipment) and by other non-generation resources capable of providing this service as necessary to follow the moment-by-moment changes in load. The obligation to maintain this balance between resources and load lies with the Transmission Provider. The Transmission Provider must offer this service when the transmission service is used to serve load within its Control Area. The Transmission Customer must either purchase this service from the Transmission Provider or make alternative comparable arrangements to satisfy its Regulation and Frequency Response Service obligation. The amount of and charges for Regulation and Frequency Response Service are set forth below. The Transmission Provider shall administer the purchases of Regulation Service in the PJM Interchange Energy Market. PJMSettlement shall be the Counterparty to the purchases by customers of Regulation Service in the PJM Interchange Energy Market; provided however, that PJMSettlement shall not be the contracting party to bilateral transactions between market participants or with respect to a self-schedule or self-supply of generation resources by a customer to satisfy its Regulation obligation.

For #R egulation not satisfied by individual Transmission Owners on behalf of their Native Load Customers, Network Customers or other Transmission Customers serving load in the PJM Region, the Transmission Provider will order the lowest cost alternative for #R egulation in service as needed to meet the #R egulation requirements of each Regulation Zone (as may be set forth in the PJM Manuals#r and as specified below:

- a. Regulation shall be supplied to meet the Regulation objective of a Regulation Zone from generators resources located within the metered electrical boundaries of such Regulation Zone. Resources Generators offering $\frac{1}{2}$ Regulation shall comply with applicable standards and requirements for $\frac{1}{2}$ Regulation capability and dispatch specified in the procedures of the Office of the Interconnection.
- b. The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain and maintain an amount of #Regulation for each Regulation Zone equal to the Regulation objective for such Regulation Zone, as specified in its procedures.
- c. The rR egulation range of a <u>resource unit</u> shall be at <u>least twice the amount of rR</u> egulation assigned as described in the procedures of the Office of the Interconnection.
- d. A <u>resourceunit</u> capable of automatic energy dispatch that is also providing $\frac{R}{R}$ egulation shall have its energy dispatch range reduced from the <u>Regulation range</u> by <u>at least</u> twice the

amount of the **Regulation provided with consideration of the regulation limits of the resource, as specified in the procedures of the Office of the Interconnection. The amount of **Regulation provided by a **resourceunit* shall serve to redefine the normal minimum generation and normal maximum generation energy limits of that unit, in that the amount of **Regulation shall be added to the unit's normal minimum generation energy limit, and subtracted from its normal maximum generation energy limit.

e. Qualified $\frac{1}{r}$ egulation must satisfy the <u>measurement and</u> verification tests described in the procedures of the Office of the Interconnection.

- f. A Transmission Owner, Network Customer or other Transmission Customer may satisfy its #Regulation obligation from its own resources capable of performing #Regulation service, by contractual arrangements with others able to provide #Regulation service on a comparable basis, or by purchases from, as applicable, the PJM #Regulation market in the MAAC Control Zone, the regulation market in the VACAR Control Zone or the regulation market in the PJM West Region.
- g. The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain #Regulation service from the least-cost alternatives available from either pool-scheduled or self-scheduled resources as needed to meet Regulation Control

 Zone requirements not otherwise satisfied by a Transmission Owner, Network Customer or other Transmission Customer, in accordance with Section 1.11.4(b) of Attachment K-Appendix.
- h. The Office of the Interconnection shall dispatch resources for #Regulation by sending #Regulation signals and instructions to resources from which #Regulation service has been offered, in accordance with the procedures of the Office of the Interconnection. Those resources shall comply with #Regulation dispatch signals and instructions transmitted by the Office of the Interconnection and, in the event of conflict, #Regulation dispatch signals and instructions shall take precedence over energy dispatch signals and instructions. Those providing #Regulation shall exert all reasonable efforts to operate, or ensure the operation of, their resources supplying load in the PJM Region as close to desired output levels as practical, consistent with Good Utility Practice.
- i. Each Transmission Owner (on behalf of its Native Load Customers), Network Customer or other Transmission Customer serving load within a *ControlRegulation* Zone shall have an hourly Regulation objective equal to its pro rata share of the Regulation requirements of such *ControlRegulation* Zone for such hour, based on the entity's total load (net of operating Behind The Meter Generation, but not to be less than zero) in such *ControlRegulation* Zone for such hour.
- j. An entity supplying #R egulation at the direction of the Office of the Interconnection in excess of its hourly #R egulation obligation shall be credited for each increment of such #R egulation at the price specified in Sections 3.2.2 and 3.3.2 of Attachment K-Appendix. A Transmission Owner, Network Customer or other Transmission Customer that does not meet its hourly #R egulation obligation shall be charged for #R egulation dispatched by the Office of the

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Interconnection to meet such obligation at the price specified in Sections 3.2.2 and 3.3.2 of Attachment_ K-Appendix.

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1.7.18 Regulation p 1730.

- (a) Regulation to meet the Regulation objective of each Regulation Zone shall be supplied from generation resources and/or Demand Resources located within the metered electrical boundaries of such Regulation Zone. Generating Market Buyers, and Market Sellers offering Regulation, shall comply with applicable standards and requirements for Regulation capability and dispatch specified in the <u>procedures of the Office of the Interconnection</u>.

 PJM Manuals.
- (b) The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain and maintain an amount of Regulation for each Regulation Zone equal to the Regulation objective for such Regulation Zone, as specified in its procedures. The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain and maintain for each Regulation Zone an amount of Regulation equal to the Regulation objective for such Regulation Zone as specified in the PJM Manuals.
- (c) The Regulation range of a generation unit or Demand Resource shall be at least twice the amount of Regulation assigned as described in the PJM Manuals.
- (d) A resource capable of automatic energy dispatch that is also providing Regulation shall have its energy dispatch range reduced from the Regulation range by at least twice the amount of the Regulation provided with consideration of the regulation limits of the resource, as specified in the procedures of the Office of the Interconnection. A generation unit capable of automatic energy dispatch that is also providing Regulation shall have its energy dispatch range reduced by twice the amount of the Regulation provided. The amount of Regulation provided by a generation unit shall serve to redefine the Normal Minimum Generation and Normal Maximum Generation energy limits of that generation unit, in that the amount of Regulation shall be added to the generation unit's Normal Minimum Generation energy limit, and subtracted from its Normal Maximum Generation energy limit.
- (e) Qualified Regulation must satisfy the measurement and verification tests described in the PJM Manuals.

1.10.1A Day-ahead Energy Market Scheduling p 1549-

The following actions shall occur not later than 12:00 noon on the day before the Operating Day for which transactions are being scheduled, or such other deadline as may be specified by the Office of the Interconnection in order to comply with the practical requirements and the economic and efficiency objectives of the scheduling process specified in this Schedule.

- (a) Each Market Participant may submit to the Office of the Interconnection specifications of the amount and location of its customer loads and/or energy purchases to be included in the Dayahead Energy Market for each hour of the next Operating Day, such specifications to comply with the requirements set forth in the PJM Manuals. Each Market Buyer shall inform the Office of the Interconnection of the prices, if any, at which it desires not to include its load in the Dayahead Energy Market rather than pay the Dayahead Price.
- (b) Each Generating Market Buyer shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection: (i) hourly schedules for resource increments, including hydropower units, self-scheduled by the Market Buyer to meet its Equivalent Load; and (ii) the Dispatch Rate at which each such self-scheduled resource will disconnect or reduce output, or confirmation of the Market Buyer's intent not to reduce output.
- (c) All Market Participants shall submit to the Office of the Interconnection schedules for any bilateral transactions involving use of generation or Transmission Facilities as specified below, and shall inform the Office of the Interconnection whether the transaction is to be included in the Day-ahead Energy Market. Any Market Participant that elects to include a bilateral transaction in the Day-ahead Energy Market may specify the price (such price not to exceed the maximum price that may be specified in the PJM Manuals), if any, at which it will be wholly or partially curtailed rather than pay Transmission Congestion Charges. The foregoing price specification shall apply to the price difference between the specified bilateral transaction source and sink points in the day-ahead scheduling process only. Any Market Participant that elects not to include its bilateral transaction in the Day-ahead Energy Market shall inform the Office of the Interconnection if the parties to the transaction are not willing to incur Transmission Congestion Charges in the Real-time Energy Market in order to complete any such scheduled bilateral transaction. Scheduling of bilateral transactions shall be conducted in accordance with the specifications in the PJM Manuals and the following requirements:
 - Internal Market Buyers shall submit schedules for all bilateral purchases for delivery within the PJM Region, whether from generation resources inside or outside the PJM Region;
 - ii) Market Sellers shall submit schedules for bilateral sales to entities outside the PJM Region from generation within the PJM Region that is not dynamically scheduled to such entities pursuant to Section 1.12; and
 - iii) In addition to the foregoing schedules for bilateral transactions, Market Participants shall submit confirmations of each scheduled bilateral

transaction from each other party to the transaction in addition to the party submitting the schedule, or the adjacent Control Area.

- Market Sellers wishing to sell into the Day-ahead Energy Market shall submit offers for the supply of energy (including energy from hydropower units), demand reductions, Regulation, Operating Reserves or other services for the following Operating Day. Offers shall be submitted to the Office of the Interconnection in the form specified by the Office of the Interconnection and shall contain the information specified in the Office of the Interconnection's Offer Data specification, this Section 1.10.1A(d), Schedule 2 of the Operating Agreement, and the PJM Manuals, as applicable. Market Sellers owning or controlling the output of a Generation Capacity Resource that was committed in an FRR Capacity Plan, self-supplied, offered and cleared in a Base Residual Auction or Incremental Auction, or designated as replacement capacity, as specified in Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff, and that has not been rendered unavailable by a Generator Planned Outage, a Generator Maintenance Outage, or a Generator Forced Outage shall submit offers for the available capacity of such Generation Capacity Resource, including any portion that is self-scheduled by the Generating Market Buyer. The submission of offers for resource increments that have not cleared in a Base Residual Auction or an Incremental Auction, were not committed in an FRR Capacity Plan, and were not designated as replacement capacity under Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff shall be optional, but any such offers must contain the information specified in the Office of the Interconnection's Offer Data specification, this Section 1.10.1A(d), Schedule 2 of the Operating Agreement, and the PJM Manuals, as applicable. Energy offered from generation resources that have not cleared a Base Residual Auction or an Incremental Auction, were not committed in an FRR Capacity Plan, and were not designated as replacement capacity under Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff shall not be supplied from resources that are included in or otherwise committed to supply the Operating Reserves of a Control Area outside the PJM Region. The foregoing offers:
 - i) Shall specify the Generation Capacity Resource or Demand Resource and energy or demand reduction, amount, respectively, for each hour in the offer period, and the minimum run time for generation resources and minimum down time for Demand Resources:
 - Shall specify the amounts and prices for the entire Operating Day for each resource component offered by the Market Seller to the Office of the Interconnection;
 - iii) If based on energy from a specific generating unit, may specify start-up and no-load fees equal to the specification of such fees for such unit on file with the Office of the Interconnection, if based on reductions in demand from a Demand Resource may specify shutdown costs;
 - iv) Shall set forth any special conditions upon which the Market Seller proposes to supply a resource increment, including any curtailment rate specified in a bilateral contract for the output of the resource, or any cancellation fees:

- May include a schedule of offers for prices and operating data contingent on acceptance by the deadline specified in this Schedule, with a second schedule applicable if accepted after the foregoing deadline;
- vi) Shall constitute an offer to submit the resource increment to the Office of the Interconnection for scheduling and dispatch in accordance with the terms of the offer, which offer shall remain open through the Operating Day for which the offer is submitted;
- vii) Shall be final as to the price or prices at which the Market Seller proposes to supply energy or other services to the PJM Interchange Energy Market, such price or prices being guaranteed by the Market Seller for the period extending through the end of the following Operating Day; and
- viii) Shall not exceed an energy offer price of \$1,000/megawatt-hour.
- (e) A Market Seller that wishes to make a resource available to sell Regulation service shall submit an offer for Regulation that shall specify the megawatt of Regulation being offered, which must equal or exceed 0.5 megawatts, the Regulation Zone for which such regulation is offered, the price of the offer in dollars per MWh, and such other information specified by the Office of the Interconnection as may be necessary to evaluate the offer and the resource's opportunity costs. The price of the offer shall not exceed \$100 per MWh in the case of Regulation offered for all Regulation Zones. In addition to any market-based offer for Regulation, the Market Seller also shall submit a cost-based offer. A cost-based offer must be in the form specified in the PJM Manuals and consist of the following components as well as any other components specified in the PJM Manuals:
 - i. The costs (in \$/MW) of the fuel cost increase due to the heat rate increase resulting from operating the unit at lower megawatt output incurred from the provision of Regulation;
 - ii. The cost increase (in \$/MW) in variable operating and maintenance costs resulting from operating the unit at lower megawatt output incurred from the provision of Regulation; and
 - iii. An adder of up to \$12.00 per megawatt of Regulation provided.

Qualified Regulation capability must satisfy the <u>measurement and</u> verification tests specified in the PJM Manuals.

(f) Each Market Seller owning or controlling the output of a Generation Capacity Resource committed to service of PJM loads under the Reliability Pricing Model or Fixed Resource Requirement Alternative shall submit a forecast of the availability of each such Generation Capacity Resource for the next seven days. A Market Seller (i) may submit a non-binding forecast of the price at which it expects to offer a generation resource increment to the Office of the Interconnection over the next seven days, and (ii) shall submit a binding offer for energy,

along with start-up and no-load fees, if any, for the next seven days or part thereof, for any generation resource with minimum notification or start-up requirement greater than 24 hours.

- (g) Each offer by a Market Seller of a Generation Capacity Resource shall remain in effect for subsequent Operating Days until superseded or canceled.
- (h) The Office of the Interconnection shall post on the PJM Open Access Same-time Information System the total hourly loads scheduled in the Day-ahead Energy Market, as well as, its estimate of the combined hourly load of the Market Buyers for the next four days, and peak load forecasts for an additional three days.
- (i) Except for Economic Load Response Participants, all Market Participants may submit Increment Bids and/or Decrement Bids that apply to the Day-ahead Energy Market only. Such bids must comply with the requirements set forth in the PJM Manuals and must specify amount, location and price, if any, at which the Market Participant desires to purchase or sell energy in the Day-ahead Energy Market. The Office of the Interconnection may require that a market participant shall not submit in excess of 3000 bid/offer segments in the Day-ahead Energy Market, when the Office of the Interconnection determines that such limit is required to avoid or mitigate significant system performance problems related to bid/offer volume. Notice of the need to impose such limit shall be provided prior to 10:00 a.m. EPT on the day that the Day-ahead Energy Market will clear. For purposes of this provision, a bid/offer segment is each pairing of price and megawatt quantity submitted as part of an Increment Bid or Decrement Bid.
- (j) A Market Seller that wishes to make a generation resource or Demand Resource available to sell Synchronized Reserve shall submit an offer for Synchronized Reserve that shall specify the megawatts of Synchronized Reserve being offered, which must equal or exceed 0.5 megawatts, the price of the offer in dollars per megawatt hour, and such other information specified by the Office of the Interconnection as may be necessary to evaluate the offer and the energy used by the generation resource to provide the Synchronized Reserve and the generation resource's unit specific opportunity costs. The price of the offer shall not exceed the variable operating and maintenance costs for providing Synchronized Reserve plus seven dollars and fifty cents.
- (k) An Economic Load Response Participant that wishes to participate in the Day-ahead Energy Market by reducing demand shall submit an offer to reduce demand to the Office of the Interconnection. The offer must equal or exceed 0.1 megawatts, and the offer shall specify: (i) the amount of the offered curtailment in minimum increments of .1 megawatts: (ii) the Day-ahead Locational Marginal Price above which the end-use customer will reduce load; and (iii) at the Economic Load Response Participant's option, start-up costs associated with reducing load, including direct labor and equipment costs, opportunity costs, and/or a minimum of number of contiguous hours for which the load reduction must be committed. Economic Load Response Participants submitting offers to reduce demand in the Day-ahead Energy Market may establish an incremental offer curve, provided that such offer curve shall be limited to ten price pairs (in MWs).

- Market Sellers owning or controlling the output of a Demand Resource that was committed in an FRR Capacity Plan, self-supplied or offered and cleared in the Base Residual Auction or one of the Incremental Auctions, or owning or controlling the output of an ILR resource which was certified as specified in Attachment DD of the PJM Tariff, may submit demand reduction bids for the available load reduction capability of the Demand Resource or ILR resource. The submission of demand reduction bids for resource increments that have not cleared in the Base Residual Auction or in one of the Incremental Auctions, or for ILR resources that were not certified, or were not committed in an FRR Capacity Plan, shall be optional, but any such bids must contain the information specified in the PJM Economic Load Response Program to be included in such bids. A Demand Resource that was committed in an FRR Capacity Plan, self-supplied or offered and cleared in a Base Residual Auction or an Incremental Auction may submit a demand reduction bid in the Day-ahead Energy Market as specified in the Economic Load Response Program, provided however, that in the event of an Emergency, PJM shall require Demand Resources and ILR resources to reduce load notwithstanding that the Zonal LMP at the time such Emergency is declared is below the price identified in the demand reduction bid.
- (m) Market Sellers that wish to make Day-ahead Scheduling Reserves Resources available to sell Day-ahead Scheduling Reserves shall submit offers, each of which must equal or exceed 0.5 megawatts, in the Day-ahead Scheduling Reserves Market specifying: 1) the price of the offer in dollars per megawatt hour; and 2) such other information specified by the Office of the Interconnection as may be necessary to determine any relevant opportunity costs for the resource(s). The foregoing notwithstanding, to qualify to submit offers pursuant to this section, the Day-ahead Scheduling Reserves Resources shall submit energy offers in the Day-ahead Energy Market including start-up and shut-down costs for generation resource and Demand Resources, respectively, and all generation resources that are capable of providing Day-ahead Scheduling Reserves that a particular resource can provide that service. The MW quantity of Day-ahead Scheduling Reserves that a particular resource can provide in a given hour will be determined based on the energy offer data submitted in the Day-ahead Energy Market, as detailed in the PJM Manuals.

1.11.4 Regulation 1560-

- (a) A Market Buyer may satisfy its Regulation Obligation from its own generation resources and/or Demand Resources capable of performing Regulation service, by contractual arrangements with other Market Participants able to provide Regulation service, or by purchases from the PJM Interchange Energy Market at the rates set forth in Section 3.2.2. PJMSettlement shall be the Counterparty to the purchases and sales of Regulation service in the PJM Interchange Energy Market; provided that PJMSettlement shall not be a contracting party to bilateral transactions between Market Participants or with respect to a self-schedule or self-supply of generation resources by a Market Buyer to satisfy its Regulation Obligation.
- The Office of the Interconnection shall obtain Regulation service from the least-cost alternatives available from either pool-scheduled or self-scheduled generation resources and/or Demand Resources as needed to meet Regulation Zone requirements not otherwise satisfied by the Market Buyers. Generation resources or Demand Resources offering to sell Regulation shall be selected to provide Regulation on the basis of each generation resource's and Demand Resource's regulation offer and the estimated opportunity cost of a resource providing regulation and in accordance with the Office of the Interconnection's obligation to minimize the total cost of energy, Operating Reserves, Regulation, and other ancillary services. Estimated opportunity costs for generation resources shall be determined by the Office of the Interconnection on the basis of the expected value of the energy sales that would be foregone or uneconomic energy that would be produced by the resource in order to provide Regulation, in accordance with procedures specified in the PJM Manuals. Estimated opportunity costs for Demand Resources will be zero. If the Office of the Interconnection is not able to distinguish resources offering Regulation on the basis of their Regulation offers and estimated opportunity costs, resources shall be selected on the basis of the quality of Regulation provided by the resource as determined by tests administered by the Office of the Interconnection.
- (c) The Office of the Interconnection shall dispatch resources for Regulation by sending Regulation signals and instructions to generation resources and/or Demand Resources from which Regulation service has been offered by Market Sellers, in accordance with the PJM Manuals. Market Sellers shall comply with Regulation dispatch signals and instructions transmitted by the Office of the Interconnection and, in the event of conflict, Regulation dispatch signals and instructions shall take precedence over energy dispatch signals and instructions. Market Sellers shall exert all reasonable efforts to operate, or ensure the operation of, their resources supplying load in the PJM Region as close to desired output levels as practical, consistent with Good Utility Practice.